This Listing of Claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims

in the subject Patent Application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A device adapted to be used in a communication

system, the communication system using one of OFDM, NBFDM, DMT, FDMA

and TDMA, comprising:

a plurality of first transceiver units operable to communicate in

continuous bi-directional manner for the direct exchange of information with a

second transceiver unit disposed remotely therefrom using a common earrier

frequency and a common sampling frequency;

means for detecting responsive to a continuous comparison of

received and detected signals in each of said first transceiver units a comparative

offsets between respective common frequency references used for the earrier and

sampling frequencies locally by the said first transceiver unit and the second

transceiver units in at least one first signal transmitted by the said first transceiver

unit and received by the second transceiver unit, wherein the common frequency is

a carrier frequency in at least one of the first transceiver units and a sampling

frequency in at least one other of the first transceiver units disposed remotely

therefrom;

Page 2 of 15

Serial Number: 09/416,098

Reply to Office Action dated 7 August 2007 and BPAI Decision of 5 March 2010

means for adjusting the common frequency in each of said first

transceiver units carrier and sampling frequencies in accordance with the offsets

detected responsive to the continuous comparison of received and detected signals

in at least one second signal to be transmitted by the second transceiver unit and to

be received by the said first transceiver unit to correct for an errors in the common

carrier frequency and sampling frequency references used locally thereat the first

transceiver unit, so that the effects of the offsets to be perceived by the said first

transceiver unit will be substantially reduced in preemptive manner, the second

signal to be transmitted being thereby adjusted to be in substantial frequency lock

with the common earrier frequency reference of the said first transceiver unit.

2-3. (Canceled).

4. (Currently amended) A device according to claim 1, wherein the means

for detecting the offsets in at least one of the first transceiver units includes means

for performing a correlation on a digital representation of the first signal so as to

lock onto the offset in the carrier frequency.

Page 3 of 15

Serial Number: 09/416,098

Reply to Office Action dated 7 August 2007 and BPAI Decision of 5 March 2010

5. (Currently amended) A device according to claim 1, wherein the means

for adjusting the common frequencies in at least one of the first transceiver units

includes means for digitally shifting data in frequency to be transmitted in

accordance with the carrier frequency and the offset corresponding thereto.

6-7. (Canceled).

8. (Currently amended) A device according to claim 1, wherein the means

for detecting the offsets in at least one of the first transceiver units includes means

for locking onto the offset in the carrier frequency and for producing an output

signal corresponding thereto.

9. (Currently amended) A device according to claim 8, wherein the means

for adjusting the common frequencies in at least one of the first transceiver units

includes means for variably adjusting a reference frequency output by a crystal

oscillator in accordance with the output signal generated by the locking means.

10-14. (Canceled).

Page 4 of 15

frequency, the method comprising:

15. (Currently amended) A method adapted to be used in a communication system, the communication system using one of OFDM, NBFDM, DMT, FDMA and TDMA, wherein the communication system comprises a <u>plurality of first</u> transceiver units operable to communicate in continuous bi-directional manner for the direct exchange of information with a second transceiver unit <u>disposed remotely therefrom</u> using a common <u>earrier frequency and a common sampling</u>

detecting responsive to a continuous comparison of received and detected signals in each of said first transceiver units a comparative offsets between respective common frequency references used for the earrier and sampling frequencies locally by the said first transceiver unit and the second transceiver units in at least a first signal transmitted by the said first transceiver unit and received by the second transceiver unit, wherein the common frequency is a carrier frequency in at least one of the first transceiver units and a sampling frequency in at least one other of the first transceiver units disposed remotely therefrom; and,

adjusting the common <u>frequency in each of said first transceiver</u>
<u>units earrier and sampling frequencies</u> in accordance with the offsets detected
responsive to continuous comparison of received and detected signals in at least
one second signal to be transmitted by the second transceiver unit and to be
received by the said first transceiver unit to correct for an errors in the common

Serial Number: 09/416,098

Reply to Office Action dated 7 August 2007 and BPAI Decision of 5 March 2010

carrier frequency and sampling frequency references used locally thereat the first

transceiver unit, so that the effects of the offsets to be perceived by the said first

transceiver unit will be substantially reduced in preemptive manner, the second

signal to be transmitted being thereby adjusted to be in substantial frequency lock

with the common earrier frequency reference of the said first transceiver unit.

16-17. (Canceled).

18. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 15, wherein the

step of detecting the offsets for at least one of the first transceiver units includes

performing a correlation on a digital representation of the first signal so as to lock

onto the offset in the carrier frequency.

19. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 15, wherein the

step of adjusting the common frequencies for at least one of the first transceiver

units includes digitally shifting data in frequency to be transmitted in accordance

with the carrier frequency and the offset corresponding thereto.

20-21. (Canceled).

Page 6 of 15

Serial Number: 09/416,098

Reply to Office Action dated 7 August 2007 and BPAI Decision of 5 March 2010

22. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 15, wherein the

step of detecting the offsets for at least one of the first transceiver units includes

locking onto the offset in the carrier frequency and producing an output signal

corresponding thereto.

23. (Currently amended) A method according to claim 22, wherein the

step of adjusting the common frequencies for at least one of the first transceiver

units includes variably adjusting a reference frequency output by a crystal

oscillator in accordance with the output signal generated by the locking means.

24-28. (Canceled).

29. (Currently amended) A device adapted to be used in a plurality of first

transceiver units to that can communicate with a second transceiver unit using a

common carrier frequency and a common sampling frequency, the device

comprising:

a frequency lock loop in at least one of said first transceiver units

and a delay lock loop in at least one other of said first transceiver units

respectively coupled to receive digital representations of at least one first signal

transmitted by the second transceiver unit, the frequency and delay lock loops

being adapted to detect comparative carrier and sampling frequency offsets in the

Page 7 of 15

Serial Number: 09/416,098

Reply to Office Action dated 7 August 2007 and BPAI Decision of 5 March 2010

respective first signals and to produce offset information corresponding thereto

indicative of offsets between respective common frequency references locally

used for the carrier and sampling frequencies at the first and second transceiver

units: and

a frequency shift block in at least one of said first transceiver units

and a timing acquisition unit in at least one other of said first transceiver units

respectively coupled to receive the offset information and digital data to be

transmitted by the said first transceiver unit in at least one second signal to be

received by the second transceiver unit disposed remotely therefrom, the

frequency shift block and timing acquisition unit being respectively adapted to

digitally shift and sample the digital data in frequency in accordance with the

common frequencies and frequency offsets corresponding thereto to correct for

errors in the common earrier and sampling frequency references used locally at the

second transceiver unit, so that the effects of the carrier and sampling frequency

offsets to be perceived by the second transceiver unit will be substantially reduced

in preemptive manner for continuous wireless bi-directional communication

between the first and second transceiver units for the direct exchange of

information.

30. (Canceled).

Page 8 of 15

Serial Number: 09/416,098

Reply to Office Action dated 7 August 2007 and BPAI Decision of 5 March 2010

31. (Currently amended) A device adapted to be used in a plurality of first

transceiver units to that can communicate with a second transceiver unit disposed

remotely therefrom using a common carrier frequency and a common sampling

frequency, the device comprising:

a frequency lock loop in at least one of said first transceiver units

and a delay lock loop in at least one other of said first transceiver units

respectively coupled to receive digital representations of at least one first signal

transmitted by the second transceiver unit, the frequency and delay lock loops

being adapted to detect comparative carrier and sampling frequency offsets in the

respective first signals and to produce analog offset signals corresponding thereto

indicative of offsets between respective common frequency references locally

used for the earrier and sampling frequencies at the first and second transceiver

units;

a crystal oscillator that supplies a reference frequency for

modulating at least one second signal to be perceived by the second transceiver

unit in accordance with the common carrier frequency; and

variably adjustable devices coupled to receive the offset signals, the

variably adjustable devices being respectively adapted to adjust the reference

frequency of the crystal oscillator and a sampling clock of an analog-to-digital

converter in accordance with the offset signals to correct for errors in the $\underline{\text{common}}$

earrier and sampling frequency references used locally at the second transceiver

Page 9 of 15

Reply to Office Action dated 7 August 2007 and BPAI Decision of 5 March 2010

unit, so that the effects of the carrier and sampling frequency offsets in the second

signal to be perceived by the second transceiver unit will be substantially reduced

in preemptive manner for continuous wireless bi-directional communication

between the first and second transceiver units for the direct exchange of

information.

32-33. (Canceled).

34. (Currently amended) A device adapted to be used in a communication

system, the communication system using one of OFDM, NBFDM, DMT, FDMA

and TDMA, the device comprising:

a plurality of first transceiver units operable to communicates in

continuous bi-directional manner for the direct exchange of information with a

second transceiver unit disposed remotely therefrom using a common earrier

frequency and a common sampling frequency;

means for detecting responsive to a continuous comparison of

received and detected signals in each of said first transceiver units a comparative

offsets between respective common frequency references used for the carrier and

sampling frequencies locally by the said first transceiver unit and the second

transceiver units in at least one first signal transmitted by the said first transceiver

unit and received by the second transceiver unit, wherein the common frequency is

Page 10 of 15

Serial Number: 09/416,098

Reply to Office Action dated 7 August 2007 and BPAI Decision of 5 March 2010

a carrier frequency in at least one of the first transceiver units and a sampling

frequency in at least one other of the first transceiver units disposed remotely

therefrom:

means for communicating information corresponding to the detected

offsets from the second transceiver unit to the first transceiver units; and,

means for adjusting the common frequency in each of said first

transceiver units earrier and sampling frequencies in accordance with the offsets

detected responsive to continuous comparison of received and detected signals in

at least one second signal to be transmitted by the $\underline{\text{said}}$ first transceiver unit and to

be received by the second transceiver unit to correct for errors in the common

earrier frequency and sampling frequency references used locally thereat the

second transceiver unit, so that the effects of the offsets to be perceived by the

second transceiver unit will be substantially reduced in preemptive manner, the

second signal to be transmitted being thereby adjusted to be in substantial

frequency lock with the common carrier frequency reference of the second

transceiver unit.

Page 11 of 15

 (Currently amended) A device adapted to be used in a communication system, the communication system using one of OFDM, NBFDM, DMT, FDMA

and TDMA, the device comprising:

a <u>plurality of</u> first transceiver units operable to communicate in

continuous bi-directional manner for the direct exchange of information with a

second transceiver unit disposed remotely therefrom using a common earrier

frequency and a common sampling frequency;

means for detecting responsive to a continuous comparison of

received and detected signals in each of said first transceiver units a comparative

offsets between respective common frequency references used for the carrier and

sampling frequencies locally by the said first transceiver unit and the second

transceiver units in at least one first signal transmitted by the said first transceiver

unit and received by the second transceiver unit, wherein the common frequency is

a carrier frequency in at least one of the first transceiver units and a sampling

frequency in at least one other of the first transceiver units disposed remotely

therefrom;

means for communicating information corresponding to the detected

offsets from the second transceiver unit to the first transceiver units; and,

means for adjusting the common frequency in each of said first

transceiver units earrier and sampling frequencies in accordance with the offsets

detected responsive to continuous comparison of received and detected signals in

Page 12 of 15

Serial Number: 09/416,098

Reply to Office Action dated 7 August 2007 and BPAI Decision of 5 March 2010

at least one second signal to be transmitted by the second transceiver unit and to be received by the <u>said</u> first transceiver unit to correct for errors in the <u>common</u> earrier frequency and sampling frequency references used locally <u>there</u>at the first transceiver unit, so that the effects of the offsets to be perceived by the first transceiver unit will be substantially reduced in preemptive manner, the second signal to be transmitted being thereby adjusted to be in substantial frequency lock

with the common carrier frequency reference of the first transceiver unit.